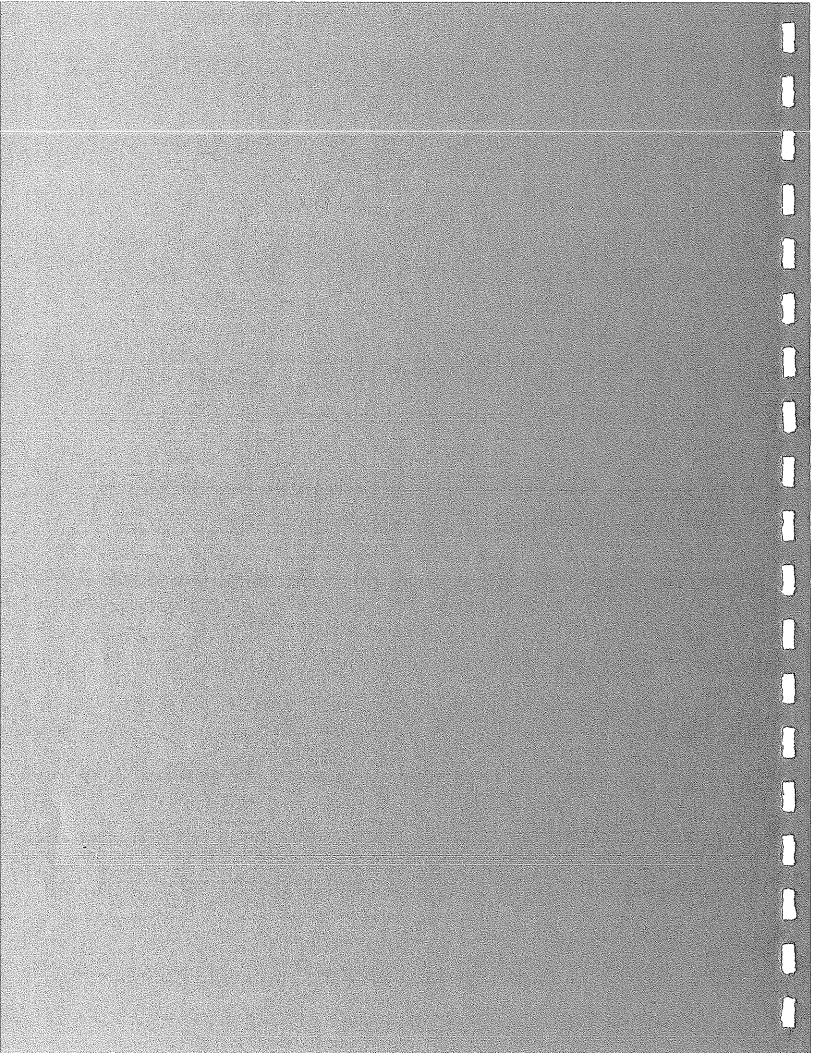
APPENDIX B MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN



## **MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN**

## **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT for OFF-CHANNEL MINING PLAN**

for LOWER CACHE CREEK

SCH #95113034

**Yolo** County

June 14,1996

## INTRODUCTION

The California Environmental Quality Act requires public agencies to report on and monitor measures adopted as part of the environmental review process (PRC Section 21081.6). This Mitigation Monitoring Plan (MMP) is designed to ensure that the measures identified in the Off-Channel Mining Plan EIR are fully implemented. The MMP describes the actions that must take **place** as a part of each measure, the timing of these actions, who is responsible for implementation, and the agency responsible for enforcing each action.

For most of the measures noted in this MMP, the County has ultimate responsibility for **implementation** of mitigation measures. Therefore, it is recommended that the Resources **Management Coordinator** of the Community Development Agency be assigned chief monitor and be responsible for assigning monitoring actions to responsible agencies. The Resources Management Coordinator would track the overall progress of each action.

If another agency or entity is responsible for implementation, it is recommended that the Resources Management Coordinator contact these agencies or entities and request detailed information to be appended to this Plan, in order to ensure coordination in monitoring and reporting.

As required by Section 21081.6 of the PRC, the **Yolo** County Community Development Agency is the "custodian of documents and other material" which constitute the "record of proceedings" upon which a decision to adopt the OCMP was based. Inquiries should be directed to:

David Morrison, Resources Management Coordinator, **Yolo** County Community Development Agency (916) 666-8041

The location of this information is:

**Yolo** County Community Development Agency 292 West Beamer Street Woodland, California 95695

In order to assist implementation of Off-Channel Mining Plan EIR mitigation measures, the Plan has been formatted as a table with the following information:

- Impact listed verbatim in order of the EIR;
- OCMP Mitigation Measures listed verbatim in order of the EIR;
- Reporting/Monitoring Requirement applicable milestones;
- Responsibility for Compliance applicable entity;
- Method of Compliance how actions will be implemented;
- Enforcement how implementation of action will be assured; and
- Checkoff verification of implementation.

: : :					уоле гедијгед.	Impact 4.2-6: Compatibility with Existing and Planned Land Uses
	Incorporate into	To notitobA PMOO	eninns 9	Prior to Mining	that the following language be added to Objective 5.3-1 of the OCMP: Reclamation of agricultural lands to other uses, however, is discouraged, wherever agricultural reclamation is feasible.	Impact 4.2-5: Consistency with the RCD Agriculture Policies
					None Required.	with the Regional Water Quality Control Board's Basin Plan
					None Required.	Impact 4.2-3: Consistency with the State Mining and Reclamation Act (SMARA) and the State Mining and Ceology Board Reclamation Regulations
	ołni ejsnochoonl Zoning Ordinance	bbA os finambnamA prinoS aonsnibnO	9 Planning	Prior to Mining	Mitigation Measure 4.2-2a  The following sections of the Yolo County Zoning Ordinance shall be amended to implement the OCMP and its implementing ordinances: Sections 8-2.404(g), 8-2.404(j), 8-2.604(n), 8-2.2312(a), and 8-2.2312(b). New sections shall be added to the Yolo County Zoning Ordinance at Section 8-2.404 (to address land use contracts in the A-P Zone), and at 8-2.23.8 (to address the Special Sand and Gravel Combining Zone), and at 8-2.23.8 (to address the Special Sand and Gravel Combining Zone (SGR)).	Impact 4.2-3: Consistency With the Yolo County Zoning Ordinance and County Code
	Incorporate into OCMP	Adoption of	gninns19	gniniM ot roin9	Mitigation Measure 4.2-1a  None required. However, the amendment to draft OCMP Objective 5.3-1 proposed in Mitigation Measure 4.2-5a would reinforce Implementation Strategy #2 of the Capay Valley Area Plan by encouraging the relamation of land within the Capay Valley Area to agricu.tural uses (i.e., suses of creek maintenance). This action would enhance the compatibility of the creek maintenance).	Impact 4.2-1: Consistency With Yolo County General Plan
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Checkoff Date/Initials	finemearofn3	Method for Compliance	Responsibility for Compliance	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	sərussəM notisgitiM	Environmental impact
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Checkoff Date/Initials	Inforcement Enforcement	Method for Compliance	Responsibility for Compliance	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	senusseM noitsglflM	Environmental Impact
				-	None required at the program level.	Impact 4.2-7: Change in Land Use Intensity
					.beninpen enoM	Impact 4.2-8: Land Use Incompatibility Due to Changes in the Creek
					.beniupen enoM	Impact 4.2-9; Land Disturbance During Mining
	Incorporate into OCMP	Adoption of	gninns19	Prior O Mining	Mitigation Measure 4.2-10a The final OCMP boundaries shall be defined as including only those 2,932 acres (including a 45-acre borrow area) presently under consideration for reconing.	Impact 4.2-10: Potential for Additional Mining Above That Which Is Currently Known
	Incorporate into QMDO	Adoption of	gninns19	gniniM of non P	Mitigation Measure 4.2-11a  The OCMP and its implementing ordinances shall be expanded and clarified to address the issue of transferability of mining permits. The clarification would indicate that it a property is sold or transferred, the formage attributed to that property transfers as well. If that tonnage is still processed at the original plant site pursuant to the original permit approval, no additional environmental assessment or permits would be required. If that transferred tonnage is processed elsewhere, additional analysis and approvals would be required.	Impact 4.2-11: Potential Impacts from the Future Sale or Transfer of Property Included within a Current Mining/Reclamation Application
					None required at the program level.	Impact 4.2-12: Compatibility with Watts-Woodland Airport Comprehensive Land Use Plan

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	GPLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Geology and Solls						
Impact 4.3-1: Potential for Damage from Seismic Shaking	Mitigation Measure 4.3-1a  The following performance standards shall be added to the Aggregate  Passurres Element of the OCMP and its implemention ordinaries					
	Performance Standard 2.5-25: Improvements, including the construction of Post-Reclamation buildings, roadways or other public facilities proposed for construction in reclaimed mining pits shall require a geotechnical investigation of the stability of fills conducted by a qualified and licensed geotechnical engineer. A report on the results and recommendation of the investigation	Post-Reclamation	Applicant	Submittal of Geotechnical Report	Require as Permit Condition	
	shall be submitted to the Yolo County Community Development Agency prior to the issuance of building permits. The recommendation of the geotechnical investigation shall be fully implemented by the applicant.					
	Performance Standard 2.5-26: Backfilled mining areas and slopes shall be inspected by the Yolo County Community Development Agency following strong seismic shaking events. Observable damage shall be reported to the landowner. If the YCCDA determines that the damage requires repair to meet the intended use of the reclaimed land, the landowner shall perform the required repairs.	Ongoing - Following Strong Seismic Shaking Event	Planning	Inspection	Incorporate into OCMP	
	Performance Standard 2.5-27: The cost of implementing recommendations for repair of reclaimed land caused during earthquakes or other natural events shall be met through application of contingency costs provided for by the project's financial assurances as required by SMARA.	Ongoing - Mining and Reclamation	Applicant	Application of Contingency Costs	Financial Assurances	
	The following performance standard of the OCMP shall be modified as follows:				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Performance Standard 5.5-3: The operator shall retain a licensed Land Surveyor to resurvey any areas reclaimed to agricultural usage after the first two (2) crop seasons have been completed. Any areas where settling has occurred shall be re-leveled to the field grade specified in the approved reclamation.	Following Completion of 2 Crop Seasons	Planning	Resurvey and Re-leveling	Require as Permit Condition	

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Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Impact 4.3-2: Potential Impacts Related to Slope Stability, Erosion, and Sedimentation	Mitigation Measure 4.3-2a  The followingperformance standards of the OCMP shellbe modified as follows:  Performance Standard2.5-4: During mining operations, a series of benches may be excavated in a slope pmvided that the excavations are	During Mining	Planning	Submittal of Slope Stability	Require as Permit Condition	
	made in compliance with the requirements of the state Mine Safety Orders (California Code of Reguletions, Title 8, Subchapter 17). The vertical height end slope of benches constructed for permanent reclaimed slopes shall not exceed maximum standards for the specific soil types presented in California Code of Reguletions, Title 8, Article 6 In general, vertical cutslopes between benches shall not exceed four (4) feet in height in topsoil end overburden sediments. Benching shell be ellowed in cohesive soil (clay, sandy or silty clay, clayey silt) only. Slopes above the elevation of gmundweter (determined at the time of excavation by the level of exposed water in the excavation) that exceed the maximum vertical height shell be excavated end maintained et slopes not greater then 2:1. Slopes loceted five (5) feet or less below the average summer low gmundweter level shall not be steeper then 1:1 (horizontal to vertical).			Study		
	Vertical cutslopes in excess of four feet in height may be eppmved for development of special habitat (e.g. bank swallows) if a site specific slope stability analysis, performed by e licensed engineer, indicates that the slope does not exceed critical height for the on-site soil conditions. Projects pmposing such slopes will be required to submit a long-term maintenance plan to ensure that the function of the slopes as habitat is met.					
	Performance Standard2.516: Except where benches era used, ellbanks above gmundweterlevel shell be sloped no steeper then 2:1 (horizontal:vertical). Proposed steeper slopes shell be evaluated by a slope stability study, prepared by a qualified engineer. Slopes below the gmundwaterlevel shell be no steeper than 1:1 (horizontal:vertical). Slopes located five feet or less below the summer low gmundwaterlevel shall not be steeper then 2:1.	Post-Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Slope <b>Stability</b> Study	Require as <b>Permit</b> Condition	

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Environmental impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/initials
,	Performance Standard 2.5-17: Upon the completion of operations, grading and revegetation shall minimize erosion and convey storm water runoff from reclaimed mining areas to natural outlets or interior basins. The condition of the land shall allow sufficient drainage to prevent water pockets or undue erosion. Natural and storm water drainage shall be designed so as to prevent flooding on surrounding properties and County rights-of-way.	Prior to Reclamation and then Ongoing (Annually)	Planning	Submittal of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan/Annual Inspection	Incorporate into Annual Mining and Reclamation Report	
	Storm water runoff from mining emes shell be conveyed to lowered emes (detention basins) to provide detention of runoff generated during a 20-year, one-hour storm event. All drainage conveyance channels or pipes (including spillways for detention areas) shell be designed to ensure positive drainage end minimize erosion. The drainage conveyance system end storm water detention areas shell be designed end meinteined in accordance with Best Management Practices for the reduction of pollutants associated with runoff from mined emes. The design and maintenance procedures shell be documented in the Storm Water Pollution Provention Plan required for mining operations. The drainage system shall be inspected annually by a Registered Civil Engineer, Registered Geologist, or Certified Erosion end Sediment Control Specialist to ensure that the drainage system is functioning effectively and that adverse erosion end sedimentation em not occurring. The annual inspection shall be documented in the Annual Mining end Reclamation Repoit.					
	Performance Standard 2.5-18: All final reclaimed slopes shell have a minimum safety factor equal to or greeter than the critical gradient as determined by en engineering analysis of the slope stability. Final slopes lass then five (5) feet below the evamge summer low groundwater level shell be designed in accordance with the recleimed use end shell not be steeper then 2:1. Reclaimed wet pit slopes located five (5) feet or more below the average summer low groundwater level shell not be steeper then 1:1 (horizontal:vertical), in order to minimize the effects of sedimentation end biological clogging on groundwater flow, to prevent stagnation end to protect the public health.	Prior to Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Slope Stability Study	Require as Permit Condition	

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Environmental impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	The maximum slope angle for all final reclaimed slopes shall be determined by slope stability analysis performed by a licensed and qualified civil or geotechnical engineer and submitted with any mining and reclamation application for review by the Yolo County Community Development Agency (YCCDA). The slope stability analysis shall conform with industry standard methodologies mtational slope failures under static and pseudostatic (seismic) conditions. The minimum factor of safety for all design reclamation slopes located adjacent to levees or below existing structures shall not be less than 1.5 for static and 1.1 forpseudostatic (seismic) conditions. Other reclamation slopes shall meet a minimum factor of safety that is consistent with the post-reclamationuse proposed for the mining area.  Performance Standard 2.5-21: The grading of final slopes, the replacement soil, and associated emsion controllmeasures shell take place prior to November 1 in areas where mining has been completed. To minimize emsion, the finish grading of miningpit slopes above the average seasonalhigh groundwater level, with the exception of the location of designatedhaul mads, shall be performed as soon as practicalafter the completion of mining of overburden and unsaturated aggregate resources. A drought-tolerant, weed-free mix of native and non-native grass species shall be established on slopes prior to November 1 or alternate emsion contml (mulch or netting) shall be placed on exposed soil on the slopes prior to this date. Phasing of mining to minimize the length of exposed mining slopes during the rainy season is encouraged.	During Mining	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Permit Application	Require as Permit Condition	
	Mitigation Measure <b>4.3-2d</b> An application <i>for construction shall</i> be filed with the <i>California</i> Division of Safety for Dams and <i>approved prior</i> to start of <i>construction</i> for any new dam that falls under the State jurisdiction for <i>safety</i> .	Prior to Mining	Planning and California Division of Safety of Dames		Require as Permit Condlion	

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	IG PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/initials
Impact 4.3-3: Potential for Erosion from Surface Water Discharge, Including "Pit Capture"	Mitigation Measure 4.3-3a  The following text shall be added to Action 4.4-2:  Action 4.4-2: Designate the streamway influence boundary described in the Technical Studies as pert of the Off-Channel Mining Plan. The	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	
	boundary describes the <i>general area</i> of the creek <i>subject</i> to meandering, as defined by the historical activities of the channel. <i>The</i> streamway <i>influence</i> boundary also <i>defines</i> the area where <i>in-stream</i> and <i>off-channel</i> issues overiap and are addressed in <i>each</i> both <i>plans</i> . Whereas the <i>streamway</i> influence boundary <i>shall</i> be recognizedas representative of <i>historical</i> conditions, the <i>current</i> hydraulic conditions of creek shall be considered in decision-making regarding channel and floodplain <i>management</i> .					
	Action 4.4-3 of the OCMP shall <b>be replaced</b> by the followingaction:  Action 4.4-3: Evaluation of <b>proposed</b> significant modifications to the flood plain, including <b>off-channel</b> mining areas, shall be <b>made with reference</b> to the channel improvement <b>strategy</b> and guidelines presented in the <b>Cache</b> Creek <b>Resource</b> Management Plan. <b>This</b> would ensure a <b>consistent frame</b> of reference and allow consideration of such modifications in the context of an <b>integrated</b> creek management <b>program</b> .	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	incorporateinto OCMP	
	Action <b>4.4-6</b> shall <b>be</b> amended as follows:  Action <b>4.4-6</b> : <b>Allow</b> for the design of spillways or other engineered features that pmvida controlled flooding of <b>off-channel</b> miningpits during flood <b>events</b> which <b>exceed</b> the <b>100-year</b> flood event.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
	Performance Standard 4.5-1: All off-channel surface mining operations shall be provided with a minimum one-hundred (100) year flood protection (including a minimum of three feat of freeboard above the 100-year flood elevation). Off-channel excavations shall be designed to minimize the possibility of levee breaching and/or pit capture.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	

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	mon belete GCMP	Adoption of PACOPTION OF	@ninns19	Prior to Mining	Performance Standard 4.5-2 shall be deleted from the OCMP.	
	ae esimod	to lottimdirg	20:00010	wainiki at anio	Performance Standard 4.5-3 shall be amended as follows:	
	Require as Permit Condition	Submittal of Slope Stability Study	Planning Planner	Prior of noing	Performance Standard 4.5-3: Proposed off-channel excavations within the streamway influence boundary shall be set back a minimum of seven-hundred (700) feet from the existing channel bank, unless it is	
		,			demonstrated that a smaller distance would not adversely affect channel stability. Under no circumstances shall the setback be less than two-	
					hundred (200) feet. The evaluation of the potential for adverse effects of bank erosion or failure of the land separating pits located less than 700 feet from the active channel shall include, at minimum, the following analyses:	
					<ul> <li>The 200-foot setback area shall not include portions of the former.</li> </ul>	
					historic active floodplain or formerly mined lands separated from the active channel by levees or unmined areas less than 200 feet wide (measured perpendicular to the active channel).	
					Identification of the former historic positions of the Cache Creek	
					channels as delineated in the CCRMP Technical Studies, and determination if proposed project is located within the limits of the historic channel.	
					Description of current channel hydraulic conditions (based on existing or site-specific hydraulic models) for the Cache Creek channel adjacent to	
					bns msertsqu 1991 000,t nent seel ton gnibneste and eile eith eile ent iO the site.	
					■ Determination of erosion potential of stream bank adjacent to the site on sears the basis of stream flow velocity and estimated shear stress on the basis of stream flow velocity and each of the stress on the basis of stream flow velocity.	
					beny materials during f 00-year flood flows and historic pattems of erosion.	
					<ul> <li>Analytical slope stability analysis in conformance with Performance Standards 2.5-16 and 2.5-18. This slope stability analysis of the slopes separating the mining area from the creek channel shall include</li> </ul>	
					chandling on stability conditions during 100-year flood flows in the	
					■ Future proposed benA stabilization designs, if recommended, shall not conflict with channel design recommendations of the Cache Creek	
					Resource Management Plan unless appwydd by the Technical Advisory Committee.	

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Environmental Impact	MItigatIon Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	The following performance standardshallbe added to the OCMP and implementing ordinances:  Performance Standard 4.5-8: Financial assurances for off-channel mining operations which include mining within 700 feet of the active channel of Cecha Cmek shall include adequate funding for maintenance during the mining and reclamation period of any bank stabilization features approved for the mining permit. Maintenance of the bank stabilization features following the completion of mclarnetion shall be the responsibility of the property owners under the Cacha Creek Resource Management Plan.  The condition of flood protection structures end the integrity of the lend within the approved setback zone separating the mining areas and the stream channel shall be inspected annually by a licensed engineer end reported to the Yolo County Community Development Agency.  The annual report shall include recommendations for remedial action for identified erosion problems. Following reclamation, the YCCDA shall inspect the land separating the mining areas end creek channel every five years. Observable damage shall be reported to the property owner. If the YCCDA determines that damage requires repair to meet the intended performance of the separator, the property owner shell perform the required repairs.	During Mining and Reclamation  Annually During Mining and Every Five Years Foliowing Reclamation	Property Owners  Property Owners and Planning	Application of Contingency Costs  Inspection and Report	Financial Assurances  Incorporate into OCMP and Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.34: Decreased Availability of Aggregate Resources	None <i>required.</i>					
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Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Hydrology and Water Quality						
Impact 4.4-1: Potential Impacts to Groundwater Levels, Rate of Flow, and Direction of Flow	Mitigation Measure 4.4-18  Performance Standard 3.5-1 included in the OCMP shall be as follows: Performance Standard 3.5-1. The area of backfilled off-channel excavations extending below the groundwater table shall be minimized to reduce changes to groundwater levels and flow. Backfilled pits shall be oriented with regard to the direction of groundwater flow to prevent localized obstructions. If a backfilled off-channel excavation is proposed to penetrate either fifty (50) feet or one-half (½) into the saturated thickness of the shallow aquifer, then at least six months prior to the commencement of excavation below average high groundwater level the applicant shall dengin would not adversely affect active off-site wells within one-thousand (1,000) feet of the proposely affect active off-site wells within one-thousand (1,000) feet of the proposely affect active off-site wells within one-thousand (1,000) feet of the prison that the proposed pit boundary or papilicant shall demonstrate, using MODFLOW,¹ (or a similar model of equal capability and proven reliability, as approved by the Yolo County Community Development Director) that the proposed pit design will not adversely impact active off-site veel within 1,000 feet of the proposed pit boundary or results in well failure. Average, historic low groundwater levels, which represent the condition of maximum threat to water levels in the subject well, shall be used for this simulation. If an adverse impact were identified by the MODFLOW (or other selected model) simulation, the	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Groundwater Flow Simulation	Modification of Mining and Reclamation Plan or Submittal of Written Agreement	·
	mining and reclamation plan will be modified or the applicant shall submit a written agreement that the well owner has agreed to relocate or redesign the well, or accept the potential impact (at no expense to the County)					

<sup>1</sup>MODFLOW is a three-dimensional finite difference model used to simulate groundwater flow. A three-dimensional model would be necessary since aquifer permeability would vary with depth after reclamation.

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Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	In addition, the following performance standards shall be added to the OCMP:					
	Performence <b>Standard 3.5-16</b> : Site-specific <b>aquifer</b> testing shall be conducted, if needed, <b>to</b> determine <b>aquifer properties</b> for the required modeling.	Prior to Mining	Environmental Health	Aquifer Testing and Well <b>Survey</b>	Approval of Well Installation	
	Performance Standard 3.517: A well survey shall be conducted and ell wells within 1,000 feet of the limits of mining plotted on a scaled map. Each property owner owning a parcel(s) within 1,000 feet of the proposed limits of wet pit mining shell be contacted and queried about wells that may be located near the wet pit mining area.	Prior to Mining		Well Survey and Statement from Property Owners	Incorporate into Mining end Reclamation Plan	
	Mitigation Measure <b>4.4-2a</b>					
	Mitigation of potential water quality impacts would be addressed as described in the flowchart presented as Figure 4.4-9. The OCMP end implementing ordinances shall be modified as described below.					
	Pollution Prevention					
	Performance <b>Standard</b> 3.56 of the OCMP end the <b>associated ordinance</b> shall both be <b>modified</b> as <b>follows</b> ;	As required in Performance Standard	Environmental Health	Submittal <sub>Of</sub> Capture Zone Analysis and Hydrogeologic Report	Require as Permit Condition	
	If any off-channel excavation proposes to extend below the level of seasonal high gmundwater, then six months prior to the commencement of excavation below average high groundwater level the applicant shall identify end locate all off-site municipal wells within 1,000 feet and ell domestic wells within 500 feet of the proposed wet pit mining boundary. If active wells ere identified, well characteristics (pumping rate, depth, end locations of screens) shell be determined. If wells era not located within 1,000 feet, the pre-mining impact evaluation would be considered complete.					
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	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	IG PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	If wet pit mining is proposed within 1,000 feet of a municipal water supply well or within 500 feet of a domestic water supply well, a capture zone analysis shellbe conducted using the U.S. Envimnmental Protection Agency model WHPA (or a similar model of equal capability endpmven reliability, as approved by the Yolo County Community Development Director). The simulation shell assume 30 days of continuous pumping of the water supply well (at its maximum probable yield) under analysis. A mining setback shall be establishedso that the capture zone end the pit do not coincide. Alternatively, the applicant shall submit a written agreement that the well owner has egraed to relocate or redesign the well (at no expense to the County). The analysis shellbe prepared and signed by a Registered Professional Engineer or Certified Hydrogeologist end submitted to the County for review and shall be submitted to, end eppmved by, the County at least six monthsprior to commencement of excavation below the seasonal high groundwater level.  Any new drinking water wells proposed for installation within 1,000 feet of a proposed wet pit mining area shellbe subject to review by the Yolo County EnvimnmentalHealth Department. The County shall determine, based on site-specific hydrogeology and available water quality data, whether to approve the proposed well installation.  The County may retain appropriate staff or a contract consultant to provide third party critical review of all hydrogeologic reports related to mining applications.  Performance Standard 3.53 of the OCMP end the associated ordinance shall be replaced with the following Performance Standard:					
	Surface water shall be prevented from entering mined areas, through perimeter berms or ditches end grading. Appropriate erosion control measures shall be incorporated into all surface drainage systems. Drainage end detention facilities within the proposed mining areas end vicinity shell be designed to prevent discharges to the wet pits end surface water conveyances (i.e. creeks end sloughs) from the 20 yearn-hour storm or less. For events greater than the 20 yearl/1 hour storm, runoff from around the perimeter of the mining areas shouldbe directed to surface water conveyances. Runoff from within the lowered mining area shall be directed away from wet pits to detention/infiltration areas. Drainage plans shall not rely solely on ditches and berms to direct runoff away from the wet pit. Without proper maintenance, berms and ditches may deteriorate with time and become ineffective. Drainage plans shall emphasize grading of disturbed areas that results in broad gentle slopes that drain away from the pits. Gradingplens shell be reviewed by the County to evaluate compliance with drainage plan objectives prior to project approval.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Grading and <b>Drainage</b> Plans	Require as Permit Condition	

## 3.5-10 and 2.5-8. motorized wateroraft is adequately mitigated by Performance Standards **OCWb OCMP** The potential for water quality degradation resulting from operation of Incorporate into to noilgobA prinnsi9 Prior to Mining labeled "potable" or "non-potable." Department prior to installation. All on-site water storage facilities shall be both the Yolo County Building Official and the Environmental Health Health yd beumqqe ngiseb ertt bne beneenigne yheqorq ed llerte steliot trienerme? **Approval** Environmental Chemical foilets shall be properly maintained and serviced regularly. Permit Condition Require as At least one toilet shall be provided for each off-channel mining operation. County pue Guipling Prior to Mining swollot se battibom ed lisats: Performance Standard 3.5-5 of the OCMP and the associated ordinance the property which requires the landowner to maintain fences and gates. completion of reclamation. A requirement shall be recorded on the deed of maintained throughout the mining and reclamation period after provided at all vehicular access routes. The fencing and gates shall be protected locks and wing fences to prevent drive-arounds) shall be excavation and is restricted. Additional security (e.g., gates with ent seried at the project site boundaries and access med indicating that the ed lishs angis, notitions of the mining site, or both. In addition, signs shall be Application excavation, and during reclamation. Fencing may enclose the property of fence or the equivalent, prior to the commencement of excavation, during Reclamation bne gniniM Open pits shall be fenced with a 42-inch minimum, four strand barbed wire Permit Condition **prioprO** Unnecessary personnel shall be excluded from off-channel excavations. Require as Submittal of Applicant swollot as beitibom ed lishs: Performance Standard 2.5-8 of the OCMP and the associated ordinance action, it any. property owner shall be required to implement recommended corrective submitted to the Yolo County Community Development Agency. The including recommendations for corrective action, if needed, shall be registered geologist or professional engineer. The inspection report the owner have an inspection report for the property prepared by a evidence of damage to these facilities exists, the County shall require that inspection of the berms and ditches. If the County determines that which allows County staff or other authorized personnel access for final approval. The deed restriction shall require an inspection easement Кероп and ditches to be permanently maintained in a condition consistent with the Inspection Planning Prior to Mining In addition, a restriction shall be recorded on the deed that requires berms Deed Restriction Submittal of Compliance Requirement Compliance Date/Initials **Enforcement BuhosinoM** Mitigation Measures Environmental Impact Method for Checkoff Reporting Responsibility NAIR BUIROTINOM NOITABITIM

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	IG PLÅN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/initials
,	The potential for eutrophication of the wet pit lakes would be adequately mitigated by Performance Standards 2.5-18 and 3.5-11 (discussed in Impact 4.4-3).	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	
	Performance Standard 2.4-11 of the OCMP and associated ordinance shall be deleted.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	
	Monitoring  Performance Standard 3.54 of the OCMP end the associated ordinance shall be modified as follows:			Mercenselle and the second		
	A#surface mining operations that propose off-channel excavations extending below Ute groundwater table shall develop and maintain a groundwater monitoring program consisting of two components; water level	Quarterly Beginning Six Months Prior to Mining Through Duration of Mining	Applicant	Submittal of Groundwater Monitoring Program Results	Require as Permit Condition	
	wet pit end one well downgradient of the wet pit. Monitoring programs for proposed mining areas excaeding 100 acres (total proposed mining area over the life of the project) shall include one additional well for each 100 acres to be mined. Therefore, pmposed mining areas of I to 99 acres would require 3 wells, 100 to 199 acres would require four wells, 200 to 299 acres would require 5 wells, and so on. These wells shall be distributed					
	through the vicinity of the proposed mining area and used for gmundweter level measurements. Groundwater levels shall be collected from the monitoring wells on a quarterly basis for six months prior to mining and for the duration of the mining period. All wellheads shad be surveyed with horizontal and vertical control to allow calculation of gmundwater elevetions and development of gmundwater contour maps. Gmundwater levels shall be measured with an accuracy of plus or minus 0.01foot, at minimum.					

	<u></u>	
	Checkoff Date/Initials	
	Enforcement	Require as Permit Condition
	Method for Compilance	Submittal of Groundwater Monitoring Program Results
	Responsibility for Compliance	Planning and Environmental Health .
G PLAN	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	As required within Performance Standard
OCMP MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	Mitigation Measures	Water quality in the vicinity of each active wet pit mining location would be evaluated by analyzing samples from selected monitoring wells (one upgradient and one downgradient) and wet pit surface water sampling locations. Since mining would be conducted in phases over a relatively long period of time, pit boundaries would change with time. Selection, and installation if necessary, of downgradient monitoring wells, which would be critical to adequately characterize the groundwater quality in the vicinity of the wet pits, would be proposed by the applicant for review and approval by the Wolly. The selected monitioning wells shall be installed and sampled at least six months prior to removal of overburden. The downgradient wells shall be located an adequate distance from the proposed upgradient wells shall be located an adequate distance from the proposed would be negligible. The water samples from the wet pit shall be collected in a manner so as to ensure that they are representative of water quality within the wet pit. The minimum sampling schedule and required analyses are described below.  Groundwater level and pit water surface level measurements:  Quarterly in all wells for the duration of mining and reclamation.  For proposed wet pit mining, sample collection and analysis of physical, chemical, and biological constituents shall be conducted according the following specifications:  Prior to removal of overburden- One upgradient and one downgradient well shall be sampled at least six months prior to removal of overburden and again at the start of excavation. The samples, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as diesel and motor oil, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX), pesticides (EPA 8140 and 8150), and coliform (with E. coli confirmation).
	Environmental Impact	

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	B PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	<ul> <li>During wet pit mining and active reclamation- The wet pit shall be sampled semi-annually for the duration of mining and active reclamation. The samples shall, at minimum, be analyzed for general minerals, inorganics, nitrates, TPH as diesel and motor oil, BTEX, pesticides (EPA 8140 and 8150), and coliforn (with E. coli confirmation).</li> </ul>					
	One upgradient and one downgradient well shall be analyzed, at minimum, for general minerals, inorganics, nitrates, TPH as diesel and motor oil, BTEX, pesticides (EPA 8140 and 8150), and coliform (with E. coli confirmation). The wells shall be sampled according to the following schedule:					
	0-2 years: Semi-annually					
	2 years to completion of reclamation: Annually					····
	<ul> <li>After active reclamation- One year after all heavy equipment work has been completed in the vicinity of the pit, the TPH and BTEX analyses may be discontinued. The wet pit and one upgradient and one downgradient well shall be sampled and analyzed for pH, temperature, nutrients (phosphorus and nitrogen), total dissolved solids, total coliform (with E. coli confirmation), and biological oxygen demand. This monitoring shall be conducted every two years for a ten year period after completion of reclamation.</li> </ul>					
	A report to the Yolo County Community Development Agency and Department of Environmental Health shall be submitted within 30 days of the required groundwater testing.					
	If, at the completion of the mining and reclamation period, water quality has not been impacted, all monitoring wells shall be destroyed in accordance with California Department of Water Resources Well Standards (DWR, 1991). If the County or other agency wishes to maintain the wells for future water resources evaluation, selected wells could be preserved for this use.					

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	IG PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	The County may retain appropriate staffor a contract consultant to provide third party critical review of ell hydrogeologic reports related to monitoring.  Data Evaluation/Corrective Action  The following performance standard shall be added to Me Water Resources Element of the OCMP endimplementing ordinance.  PS. 3.516: Monitoring during the miningend reclamation period shall be a condition of the permit. A performance bond shell be acquired to ensure Mat monitoring continues for ten years after the completion of redamation.  Action 3.44 of the OCMP shall be modified as follows:  The Yolo County Community Development Agency shall designate staff and resources to coordinate with City, County, regional, State, end Federal agencies that may wish to receive copies of data generated from Ma off-channelmining operations, including the towns of Capay, Esparto, Yolo, end Madison, the city of Woodland, end the Yolo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, the Water Resources Agency, the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the California Department of Water Resources. The data base shell be expended to include other relevant sources of information, so that it can be used as	Prior to Mining Ongoing on an As-Needed Basis	Planning	Pmof of Performance Bond Submittal of Groundwater Database	Financial Assurances Incorporate into OCMP	
	reference materiel for regional waterplanning efforts.  Additional tests and analysis shall be required only if a new condition is recognized that may threaten water quality or results of previous tests fall outside allowable ranges. If at any time during the monitoring period, testing results indicate that sampling parameters exceed Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs), as reported in the California Code of Regulations, or established backgmundlevels, e qualified professional shall evaluate potential sources of the contaminants. The evaluation shall determine the source and process of migration (surface or subsurface) of the contaminants. A report shell be submitted to the regulatory agencies (Yolo County Community Development Agency, the Yolo County Department of Health Services, the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the U.S. EPA) which identifies the source of the detected contaminants and specifies remedial actions to be implemented by the applicant for corrective action. If it is determined that the source of weter quality degradation is off-site, and County and RWQCB ere in agreement with this conclusion, the applicant shell not be responsible for corrective action.	<b>During</b> Mining	Planning and CVRWQ <b>CB</b>	Submittal of Testing <b>Results</b>	Require as Permit Condition	

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	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	GPLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	If <b>corrective</b> action is ineffective or infeasible, the responsible <b>party</b> must pmvide reparetion to affected well owners, either by treatment of <b>water at</b> the wellhead or by <b>procurement</b> of <b>alternate water</b> supply.					
	Analysis of envimnmental impact <b>for projects</b> in the vicinity of the wet pits shall include <b>consideration</b> of <b>potential</b> weter quality impacts on the open water bodies.					
Impact 4.4-3: Potential	Mitigation Measure 4.4-3a					
Degradation of Water Quality after Reclamation of Mined Lands	In addition to the policies includedin the OCMP, the following mitigation measures shall be implemented:		ļ			
	ntial for eutrophication and biological degradation of wet pit lakes would be adequately mitigated by Performance Standards 2.5-18 and 3.5-11, and Mitigation Measure 4.4-2a.	Prior to Ni	lanning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	
	The potential for illegal discharges to occur would be adequately <b>mitigated</b> by Mitigetion Measure <b>4.4-2a</b> .	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorp <i>orate into</i> OCMP	
	Performance Standard 3.510 of the OCMP shell be modified as follows:	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	
	Only motorized dredges shall be allowed on the wet pit lakes. All other fuel-powered (gasoline or diesel) watercraft shall not be used on the wet pit lakes. Electric-powered boats would be permissible.					
	The potential impacts associated with illegal operation of watercraft in the lakes is adequately mitigated by the requirement for fencing and locked gates discussed above (Pen armance Standard 2.5-8).					
	The poter like impacts associated with groundwater quality deg to be would be partially mitigated by implementation of the monitoring program described in Mitigation Measure 4.2-2. In addition, the following Performance Standard shall be edded to the OCMP and implementing ordinance:					

MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	PLAN	Beannaillility			
Mitigation Measures	Keporung/ Monitoring Requirement	responsioning for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Overburden and processing fines shall be used whenever possible to support reclamation activities without testing for agricultural may be used in reclamation activities without testing for agricultural chemicals. If topsoil (A-horizon soil), formerly in agricultural production, is proposed for use within the drainage area of a wet pit, the soils must be sampled prior to placement and analyzed for pesticides and herbicides (EPA 8140 and 8150). Samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with EPA Test Methods for Evaluating Soild Waste accordance with EPA Test Methods for Evaluating Soild Waste that contains pesticides or herbicides above the Maximum Contaminant Levels for primary drinking water (California Code or Regulations) shall not be placed in areas that drain to the wet pits.	During Reclamation	Planning and Environmental Health	Submittal of Soil Samples	Require as Permit Condition	
The following performance standards shall be added to the Water Resources Element of the OCMP:					
Prior to approval of reclamation of aggregate mining areas to permanent lakes, the County shall commission a sampling and analysis program, to be implemented in one existing wet pit mining area within the OCMIP planning area, to evaluate the potential for increased methylmercury production associated with wet pit mining and reclamation of mining areas to permanent lakes. The program shall include sampling of water and sediments from the bottom of the existing pit and analysis of the samples for organic content, ph, dissolved oxygen content, dissolved carbon content, and total mercury. In addition, samples of predatory fish (preferably, largemouth bass) shall be collected and analyzed for mercury content. If the initial sampling indicates either of the following conditions, the County shall perform verification sampling:	As Required within Performance Standard	Planning, Environmental Health, RWQCB, CDFG	Submittal of Sampling and Analysis Program and Mitigation Plan as Necessary	Incorporate into OCMP	
Average concentrations of total mercury in excess of 0.000012 mg/l in the water,					
Average mercury levels in fish samples in excess of 0.5 mg/kg.					
If verification sampling indicates exceedance of these mercury criteria, the County shall approve reclamation of mining areas to permanent lakes Only if the average level of mercury in fish collected from the existing mining pits is shown to be equal to or less than ambient (background) mercury levels determined from a representative sample of similar species of fish (of similar size) collected in the Cache Creek channel within the planning area. The determination of the ambient mercury level shall be performed by the County within six months after approval of the OCMP and paid for by the mining permit applicants on a fair-share basis. After ten years, the County shall evaluate available data to determine any significant change in ambient concentrations of mercury in fish within the Cache Creek channel.		·			

	Checkoff Date/Initials										
	Enforcement Da		Manual Manual Company		Require as			Delete from OCMP		Require as	
	Method for E				Submittal of Rec			Adoption of Del		Submittal of Rec	
	Responsibility for Compliance				Planning S	L Q		Planning		Planning	z IL Q
PLAN	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement				Prior to Mining			Prior to Mining		Prior to Mining	
OCMP MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	Mitigation Measures	• Present a mitigation plan to the Yolo County Community Development Agency which provides a feasible and reliable method for reducing methylmercury production or exposure to elevated mercury levels. Potential mitigation could include permanent aeration of bottom levels of the lake, alteration of water chemistry (increasing pH or dissolved organic carbon levels), control of anaerobic bacteria populations, or removal and replacement of affected fish populations. The mitigation plan would require approval by the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Department of Fish and Game, and the Yolo County Department of Environmental Health.	<ul> <li>The reclamation plan shall be modified to provide mitigation approved for methylmercury reduction shall be applied to all other mining areas proposed for reclamation to permanent lakes within the reclamation plan.</li> </ul>	Mitigation Measure 4.4-4a	Performance Standard 3.5-12 of the OCMP shall be modified as follows:	All permanent wet pits shall be reclaimed to include valuable wildlife habitat to offset evaporation losses from wet pits.	Mitigation Measure 4.4-5a	The County shall eliminate the following Actions and Performance Standards from the OCMP: Objective 3.3-2, Actions 3.4-2, 3.4-6 through 3.4-8, Performance Standards 3.5-7, 3.5-9, 3.5-14, and 3.5-15.	Mitigation Measure 4.4-6a	The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP:	Performance Standard 4.5-8: Flood protection upgrades shall be completed in the vicinity of the mining and processing areas, if necessary, to ensure protection from the 100-year flood event. Flood protection shall be provided from flooding associated with overtopping of the alluvial separators or levees along Cache Creek and all tributaries and drainage channels (including, but not limited to, Willow Slough and Lamb Valley Slough).
	Environmental Impact			Impact 4.4-4: Loss of Water	Evaporation		Impact 4.4-5: Potential	Groundwater Recharge	Impact 4.4-6. Potential	Impacts Resulting from Storm-Related Flooding	

	MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	GPLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	The flood protection upgrades shall be designed and constructed to provide the necessary 100-year protection without exacerbating downstream flooding problems. Downstream flooding could be increased if floodplain storage eneas were removed from the drainage system by constructing levees in areas where they did not exist before (or raising levees that are overtopped in floods up to the 100-year event). Alternative flood management design systems (potentially using detention basins, infiltration galleries, and/or floodplain storage in noncritical areas) shall be required as a condition of project approval.					
	Performance Standard 4.5-9: The County Floodplain Administrator shall file for a Letter of Map Revision with FEMA, to update the FIRMs affected by channel maintenance activities and levee improvements with the planning area every ten years.	Every 10 Years	Planning and FEMA	Submittal of Letter of Map Revision	Incorporate into OCMP	
Impact 4.4-7: Potential Impacts from Flooding Related to Dam Failure	None required.			·		
Impact 4.4-8: Potential Impacts Associated with Inundation of Dry Pits or Lowered Reclaimed Surfaces by High Groundwater Conditions	Mitigation Measure 4.4-8a  The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP and associated ordinance:  Performance Standard 3.5-16: The final distance between reclaimed lowered surfaces and average high groundwater shall not be less than five feet. The average high groundwater level shall be established for each proposed mining area. The degree of groundwater level fluctuation varies with location throughout the basin and within relatively small areas (proposed mining sites). The determination of average high groundwater level shall be conducted by a professional engineer or certified hydrogeologist and shall be based on wet season water level elevation data collected at the proposed site or adjacent areas with similar hydrogeological conditions. Water level records prior to 1977 shall not be used since they would reflect conditions prior to installation of the Indian Valley Dam. The dam caused a significant change in hydrology of the basin and data collected before its installation shall not be used in estimation current average high groundwater levels. The wells shall be adequately distributed throughout the proposed mining site to reflect spatial variation in groundwater levels and fluctuations.	Prior to Mining and Post Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as	
Agriculture						

lans Pri e e or from the pri wit of atio) not be ort fry essive	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN				
Mitigation Measure 4.5-2a  The following performance standards shall be included in OCMP: Performance Standard 4.5-8: All proposed mining and reclamation plans shall provide information in permit applications to allow identification of portions of the proposed mined lands that meet the definition of "prime farmlands" as defined under the Williamson Act.  Performance Standard 4.5-9: All mining permit applications that include "prime farmlands" as defined by the provisions of the Williamson Act shall identify the location and acreage of "prime farmlands" which, as a result of reclamation, would be permanently converted to non-agricultural uses. For each acre of "prime farmland" that would be converted to non-agricultural uses, the reclamation plan shall present provisions to offset (at a 1:1 ratio) the conversion of these lands. The potential offsets can include, but not be limited to one or more of the following options:  Identification of improvements by a qualified soil scientist to the agricultural capability of non-prime lands within or outside the project site that convert non-prime to prime agricultural conditions. These improvements can include permanent improvement of soil capability though soil amendments, reduction of soil limitations (such as excessive levels so floxins), or improvements in drainage for areas limited by flooding or low permeability to provide irrigation to non-prime lands  Placement of Agricultural Preserve easements on lands meeting Williamson Act definition of "prime farmland".	<b></b>	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Mitigation Measure 4.5-2a  The following performance standards shall be included in OCMP: Performance Standard 4.5-8: All proposed mining and reclamation plans shall provide information in permit applications to allow identification of portions of the proposed mined lands that meet the definition of "prime farmlands" as defined under the Williamson Act.  Performance Standard 4.5-9: All mining permit applications that include "prime farmlands" as defined by the provisions of the Williamson Act shall identify the location and acreage of "prime farmlands" which, as a result of reclamation, would be permanently converted to non-agricultural uses. For each acre of "prime farmland" that would be converted to non-agricultural uses. For each acre of "prime farmland" that would be converted to non-agricultural uses. In the conversion of these lands. The potential offsets can include, but not be limited to one or more of the following options:  Identification of improvements by a qualified soil scientist to the agricultural capability of non-prime lands within or outside the project site that convert non-prime to prime agricultural conditions. These improvements can include permanent improvement of soil capability though soil amendments, reduction of soil limitations (such as excessive levels of toxins), or improvements in drainage for areas limited by flooding or low permeability soils.  Placement of Agricultural Preserve easements on lands meeting Williamson Act definition of "prime farmland".					
shall provide information of the proposed mined before the definition of portions of the proposed mined lands that meet the definition of "prime farmlands" as defined under the Williamson Act.  Performance Standard 4.5-9. All mining permit applications that include "prime farmlands" as defined by the provisions of the Williamson Act shall identify the location and acreage of "prime farmlands" which, as a result of reclamation, would be permanently converted to non-agricultural uses. For each acre of "prime farmland" that would be converted to non-agricultural use, the reclamation plan shall present provisions to offset (at a 1:1 ratio) the conversion of these lands. The potential offsets can include, but not be limited to one or more of the following options:  Identification of improvements by a qualified soil scientist to the agricultural capability of non-prime lands within or outside the project site that convert non-prime to prime agricultural conditions. These improvements can include permanent improvement of soil capability though soil amendments, reduction of soil limitations (such as excessive levels of toxins), or improvements in drainage for areas limited by flooding or low permeability soils.  Placement of Agricultural Preserve easements on lands meeting Williamson Act definition of "prime familiand".		Planning	Submittal of	Recuire as	
erformance Standard 4.5-9. All mining permit applications that include nime farmlands" as defined by the provisions of the Williamson Act shall fentify the location and acreage of "prime farmlands" which, as a result of colamation, would be permanently converted to non-agricultural uses. For acts acre of "prime farmland" that would be converted to non-agricultural se, the reclamation plan shall present provisions to offset (at a 1:1 ratio) he conversion of these lands. The potential offsets can include, but not be mited to one or more of the following options:  Identification of improvements by a qualified soil scientist to the agricultural capability of non-prime lands within or outside the project site that convert non-prime to prime agricultural conditions. These improvements can include permanent improvement of soil capability though soil amendments, reduction of soil limitations (such as excessive levels of toxins), or improvements in drainage for areas limited by flooding or low permeability soils.  Placement of Agricultural Preserve easements on lands meeting Williamson Act definition of "prime farmland".  Demonstration of the ability to provide irrigation to non-prime lands	2	2	Mining and Reclamation Application	Permit Condition	
		Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
	d soil scientist to the thin or outside the project thral conditions. These everent of soil capability imitations (such as excessive ge for areas limited by				
limited only by lack of irrigation water supply. The identified water supply cannot be made at the expense of "prime familands" currently using the same water supply.	nts on lands meeting y. ution to non-prime lands y. The identified water orime farmlands" currently				

	OCMP MITICATION WONITORING PLAN	6 PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Impact 4.5-3: Potential Impacts of the Temporary Loss of Agricultural Productivity Due to Disturbance by Mining	Mitigation Measure 4.5-3a  The following performance standard shall be added to OCMP:  Performance Standard 5.5-3: All proposed mining and reclamation plans shall present a phasing plan for mining and reclamation activities. The phasing plan shall be structured to minimize the area of disturbed agricultural lands during each mining phase, and encourage the early completion of reclamation of agricultural land.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Phasing Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.5-4: Permanent Loss of Agricultural Soils Due to Wind or Water Erosion	Mitigation Measure 4.5-4a  OCMP Action 5.5-2 shall be amended as follows: Action 5.5-2: Topsoil, subsoil, and subgrade materials in stockpiles shall not exceed (40) feet in height, with slopes no steeper than 2:1 (horizontal:vertical). Stockpiles, other than aggregate stockpiles, shall be seeded with a vegetative cover to prevent erosion and leaching. The use of topsoil for purposes other than reclamation shall not be allowed without the prior approval of the Yolo County Community Development Director.	Ongoing	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.5-5: Potential Impacts on Agricultural Capability Caused by Soil Management During Removal, Stockpiling, and Reuse	None required.			·		
Impact 4.5-6: Potential Impacts on Agricultural Production Related to Lowered Reclaimed Surfaces	Mitigation Measure 4.5-6a The OCMP and implementing ordinances shall be augmented with the following standard: Performance Standard 5.5-5: Reclaimed agricultural surfaces shall be graded to provide adequate field gradients to allow surface/furrow irrigation of crops and allow for adequate storm water drainage.	Post-Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.5-7: Potential Cumulative Loss of Productive Agricultural Land Within Yolo County	Mitigation Measure 4.5-7a Implementation of Mitigation Measure 4.5-2a would reduce the cumulative impact of permanent conversion of agricultural land to non-agricultural uses but not to a less-than-significant level.	See Mitigation Measure 4.5-2a	,			

	OCMP MITIGATION:MONITORING PLAN	S PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Biological Resources						
Impact 4.6-1: Impact on Existing Vegetative Cover	None required.					
Impact 4.6-2: Impact on Sensitive Natural Community Types	Mitigation Measure 4.6-2a Section 10-4.502(b)(1) of the Off-Channel Surface Mining Ordinance shall be revised as follows:					e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
	The analysis shall propose appropriate measures to reduce any potential adverse impacts to species of concern, sensitive natural communities, or significant habitat.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
	The following revisions shall be made to Performance Standard 6.5-2 of the OCMP:					
	6.5-2. Avoid disturbance of riparian vegetation, including identified off- channel vegetation. Replacement habitat shall be established where complete avoidance is not possible according to a habitat restoration plan prepared by a qualified biologist, consistent with the goals of this plan.	Ongoing	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
	The following shall be included as an additional performance standard in Chapter 6 of the OCMP:		•			
	6.4-12. Avoid disturbance of oak woodland vegetation and mature oaks Replacement habitat and plantings shall be established where complete avoidance is not possible according to a habitat restoration plan prepared by a qualified biologist, consistent with the goals of this plan.	Ongoing	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.6-3: Disturbance to	Mitigation Measure 4.6-3a					
Disruption of Movement Corridors	The following shall be incorporated as an additional action policy in Chapter 6 of the OCMP:	.,)>			**************************************	
	6.4-13. Where fence row or field margin habitat previously existed, reestablish similar habitat as part of reclamation to agricultural use to replace and improve the wildlife habitat value of agricultural lands, allowing for reestablishment of scattered native trees, shrubs, and ground covers along the margins of reclaimed fields. Reestablished habitat can be in locations other than where occurred originally. Restoration plans shall specify ultimate fence row or field margin locations, identify planting densities for trees and shrubs, and include provisions for monitoring and maintenance to ensure establishment.	During Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Require as Permit Condition	

	OCMP. MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	G PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	The following shall be incorporated as an additional action policy in Chapters 6 and 7 of the OCMP:					
	6.4-14 and 7.4-9. Avoid disturbance to important wildlife habitat features such as nest trees, colonial breeding locations, elderberry host plants for VELB, and essential cover associated with riparian forest and oak woodland habitat. This shall include sensitive siting of haul roads, trails, and recreational facilities away from these features.	Ongoing	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.6-4: Impact on	Mitigation Measure 4.6-4a					
2000	The following shall be included as additional action policies in Chapter 6 of the OCMP:					
	6.4-15. Essential habitat for special-status species shall be protected and enhanced, or replaced as part of mitigation plans prepared by a qualified biologist.	Ongoing	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration or Mitigation Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
	6.4-16. Restoration components of reclamation plans shall include provisions to enhance habitat for special-status species, where feasible.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Habitat	Require as Permit Condition	
	Performance Standard 6.5-3 of the OCMP shall be replaced with the following:			Mitigation Plan		
	6.5-3. Slopes on stockpiled soils shall be graded to 2:1 for long-term storage to prevent use by bank swallows. At no time during the active breeding season (1 May through 31 July) shall slopes on stockpiles exceed 1:1, even on a temporary basis. Stockpiles shall be graded to a minimum 1:1 slope at the end of each work day where stockpiles have been disturbed during the active breeding season.	Ongoing	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
NO DOCK JUNE 1	Performance Standard 6.5-7 of the OCMP shall be revised as follows:					
	6.5-7. Proposed habitat restoration or mitigation plans shall be sent to the California Department of Fish and Game, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for review and comment to ensure that the projects do not conflict with other existing habitat enhancement efforts.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Incorporate into OCMP	

	MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	3 PLÁN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	Performance Standard 6.5-8 of the OCMP shall be revised as follows:					
	6.5-8 All surface mining operations and reclamation plans shall complement the preservation and enhancement measures in the Yolo County Habitat Conservation Plan. Mining operators with lands designated as having a moderate to high potential for use as mitigation areas in the HCP shall be encouraged to participate in the Developer HCP Participation Options, including use of lands as mitigation sites.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration or Mitigation Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.6-5: Modifications	Mitigation Measure 4.6-5a					
to Jursalcuonal Wellands of Other Waters	The following shall be included as an additional action policy in Chapter 6 of the OCMP:					
	6.4-14. Existing jurisdictional wetlands shall be retained to the extent possible. Replacement wetlands shall be provided where complete evoidance is not possible according to a habitat restoration plan prepared by a qualified wetland specialist and approved by jurisdictional agencies, ensuring no net loss of wetland acreage or habitat value.	Prior to Mining	Planning, CDFG, USFWS, Corps	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
	Performance Standard 6.5-7 of the OCMP shall be revised as recommended in Mitigation Measure 4.6-4a.					
Impact 4.6-6: Compatibility and Consistency of	Mitigation Measure 4.6-6a					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ACSIDIATION TOVISIONS	6.4-2. Coordinate with the California Department of Fish and Game, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to ensure that proposed habitat restoration projects are consistent with or complement the Off-Channel Mining Plan.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Incorporate into OCMP	
	Performance Standard 6.4-10 of the OCMP shall be revised as follows:					
	6.4-10. Restore riparian habitat throughout the planning area, wherever appropriate. However, revegetative efforts shall be primarily focussed on implementing recommendations described in the Technical Studies and the subsequent Restoration Recommendations incorporated into the CCRMP.	During Reclamation	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	G PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/initials
	Performance Standard 6.5-9 of the OCMP shall be revised as follows: 6.5-9. If any wet pit is proposed to be reclaimed for recreational uses and/or riparian habitat, the design shall account for fluctuations in the groundwater table.  Performance Standard 6.5-7 of the OCMP shall be revised as recommended in Mitigation Measure 4.6-4a.	Prior to Mining See Mitigation Measure 4.6-4a	Planning	Submittal of Habitat Restoration Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
Air Quality						
Impact 4.7-1: Potential Emissions of PM <sub>10</sub>	Mitigation Measure 4.7-1a  The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP:  Wherever practical and economically feasible, portable or movable conveyor systems shall be used to transport raw materials and overburden.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.7-2: Potential Emissions of Ozone Precursors (ROG and NO <sub>x</sub> )	Mitigation Measure 4.7-2a  The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP:  Wherever practical and economically feasible, portable or movable conveyor systems shall be used to transport raw materials and overburden.  OCMP Performance Standard 2.57 and proposed Off-Channel Surface Mining Ordinance Section 10.4.11 shall be amended as follows:  All infernal combustion engine driven equipment and vehicles shall be kept tuned according to the manufacturer's specifications and properly maintained to minimize the leakage of oils and fuels. No vehicles or equipment shall be left idling longer than 10 minutes.		Applicant	Compliance with Manufacturer's Specifications and Proper Maintenance	Require as <b>Permit</b> Condition	
Impact 4.7-3: Cumulative Effects on Attainment of State and Federal Standards	Mitigation Measure 4.7-3b No enforceable mitigation measures are available.	None available				
Impact 4.7-4: Potential Impacts on Sensitive Receptors	None required					

	MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	6 PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Traffic and Circulation					्रहारा द्वारत है। इ.स.च्याच्याच्याच्याच्या	
Impact 4.8-1: Potential Increase in Trips Associated with Recycling	None required.					
Impact 4.8-2 Potential for Increase in Vehicle Trips	Mitigation Measure 4.8-2a Performance Standard 2.5-5 of the OCMP and Section 10-4.407 of the Off- Channel Surface Mining Ordinance shall be amended as follows:					
	As a condition of approval, the operator shall agree to assume joint pavement maintenance responsibility with the County (or shared with another producer using the same roadway) for all County roads along a designated haul route from the access point of the surface mining operation to the nearest State Highway. The operator shall agree to submit an evaluation of the structural integrity of the identified roadways on or before December 1 of each year in which mining operations are permitted. The report shall be prepared by a registered professional engineer and/or Country staff with expertise in the area of roadway pavement and shall be subject to the approval of the Public Works Department. Based on the results of this annual evaluation, the Public Works Department shall identify the improvements required to maintain safe and efficient traffic operations on the road for the upcoming year. The County agrees to implement maintenance improvements similar to other County agrees to implement maintenance improvements similar to other county agrees to the Public Works Department. The operator does not assume the liability for the roadway, except for cases where the operator has not fulfilled its maintenance obligations.  If a subsequent mining operation utilizes a road previously required to be improved oursuant to this subsection, then the subsequent county is subsequent.	Annually during Mining	Public Works	Submittal of Roadway Evaluation	Require as Permit Condition	
	be responsible for compliance with the agreements and requirements of the previous operator.					

Checkoff Date/Initials	Enforcement	Method for Compliance	Responsibility for	\gnihoqəЯ gnhojinoM	OCMP Mitigation Measures	Environmental Impact
		oouthyd 1100	Compliance	Requirement	Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a:	Impact 4.8-3: Potential
					The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP and its implementing ordinance:	Change in LOS at the State Route 16 / Road 98 / Main Street Intersection
	Require as Permit Condition	Participation Partibru in Program	exhoW oildu¶	noqu ylisunnsi8 To Isvo1qqA QniniM	Each operator shall pay its fair share toward improvements required to maintain LOS C operations on County mads or LOS D operations on State Highways within the OCMP planning area. Fair share mitigation shall also be more	!
					be required to improve existing operational deficiencies of the transportation system. Specific locations shall be identified through the project-specific environmental review process for each operator's long-term mining permit application. Each operator shall participate in e funding	
					program operated by Yolo County which is designed to ensure that all improvements are that all improvements are the made in a limely manner and that a reimbursent in mechanism is in place to ensure repayment of any costs contributed in excess of tair share amounts. The program shall be initiated upon the	
					approval of the long-term mining permits and shall be updated biennially by Yolo County to ensure any new or modified impacts or funding sources are being addressed.	
					Each operator shall have the option to complete the work at their expense without triggering the competitive bid process, as long as they comply with the applicable legal requirements of the County. If the operator declines	
					the option, the County shall utilize the competitive bid process. Mitigation Measure 4.8-4a	Impact 4.8-4: Potential
				See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a		Change in LOS at the State Route 16 / Road 89 Intersection
					sč-8.4 snusseM notispitiM	Impact 4.8-5: Potential mpacts to the Non-Standard
_				See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a	Implementation of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a would reduce this impact to e less-than-significant level for the OCMP and Alternatives 4, 5a, 5b and 6.	Segment of Road 19, West of Interstate 505
				See Mitigation	Mitigation Measure 4.8-6a e ot sagmin to not be super the contraction of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a would be ot sagmin to not be super the contraction of mitigation of mit	Impact 4.8-6: Potential Impacts to the Non-Standard Segment of State Route 16
				s6-8.4 etusseM		Setween I-505 and the Entrance to the Solano  Entrance to the Solano  Concrete Plant

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	IG PLAN			re finale de la companya de la comp	
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
impact 4.8-7: Potential Impacts to the Non-Standard Segment of Road 14, West of Interstate 505	Mitigation Measure 4.8-7a  Implementation of <i>Mitigation</i> Measure 4.8-3e would reduce this impact to a less-than-significant level for the OCMP and Alternatives 4, 5a, 5b and 6.	See Mitigation Measure <b>4.8-3a</b>				
Impact 4.8-8: Potential impacts to the Non-Standard Pavement Segment of Road 14, West of Interstate 505	Mitigation Measure 4.8-8a  Implementation of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a would reduce this impact to a less-than-significant level for the OCMP and Alternatives 4, 5a, 5b and 6.	See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a				
Impact 4.8-9: Potential Impacts to Two Non- Standard Bridges on Road 89, North of State Route 16	Mitigation Measure 4.8-9a  Implementation of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a would reduce this impact to a less-than-significant level for the OCMP and Alternatives 3, 5b and 6	See Mitigation Measure <b>4.6-3a</b>				
Impact 4.8-10: Potential Impacts to a Non-Standard Bridge on Road 19, West of Interstate 505	Mitigation Maasure 4.8-10a Implamentation of Mitigation <i>Measure 4.8-3a</i> would <i>reduce</i> this impact to a less-than-significant <i>level</i> for the OCMP and Alternatives 4, <i>5a</i> , <i>5b</i> and 6.	See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a				
Impact 4.8-11: Potential Impacts to a Non-Standard Bridge on Road 85, North of Road 16A	MitigationMeasure <b>4.8-11a</b> Implementation of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a would reduce this impact to a lass-than-significant level for the OCMP and Alternatives 4, 5a, 5b and 6.	See Mitigation Measure <b>4.8-3a</b>				
Impact 4.8-12: Potential Impacts to a Non-Standard Bridge on Road 14, West of Interstate 505		See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a				
Impact 4.8-13: Potential Impacts to the Non-Standard Curve Radii at the Road 85 / Road 14 Intersection		See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a				
Impact 4.8-14: Potential Impacts to the Non-Standard Curve Radii at the State Route 16 / Road 89 Intersection	Mitigation <i>Measure 4.8-14a</i> Implamantation of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3e would reduce this impact to a lass-than-significant level for <i>the</i> OCMP and <i>Alternatives</i> 3, <i>5b</i> and <i>6</i> .	See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a				

					noise level equivalent (L <sub>eq</sub> ) of sixty-five (65) decibels (dBA) measured at the property boundaries of the site.  Noise levels shall not exceed a community noise equivalent level (CNEL) of sixty (60) decibels (dBA) for any nearby off-site residence or other	
					From 6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m., noise levels shall not exceed an average	
	Permit Condition	Acoustical Analysis			noise level equivalent ( $L_{cq}$ ) of eighty (80) decibels (dBA) measured at the property boundaries of the site. However, noise levels may not exceed an average noise level equivalent ( $L_{cq}$ ) of sixty (60) decibels for any nearby off-site residences or other noise-sensitive land uses.	,
	Require as	Submittal of	Planning	Prior to Mining	Mitigation Measure 4.9-1b From 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., noise levels shall not exceed an average	, ; ;
	otni eteroroonl GCMP	Adoption of CMP and esonances	gninns)9	Prior to Mining	The performance standards in the Off-Channel Surface Mining Ordinance (Section 10-4.418) shall be modified so that the residential noise limit is a CNEL of 60 dB rather than the currently specified $L_{eq}$ of 60 dB. This change shall also be made in the Off-Channel Mining Plan.	from Mining, Processing, Hauling, Reclamation, and Post-Reclamation Activities On Site
					at-e.≯ enuzaeM notiagütiM	Impact 4.9-1: Exposure to Unacceptable Moise Levels
C 30 44 44 18 2 4 4						Noise The Property of the State
				See Mitigation Asasure 4.8-2a	nplementation of Mitigation Measure 4.8-2a would reduce this impact to a less-than-significant level for the OCMP and Alternatives 1a, 3, 4, 5a, 5b and 6.	Accelerated Pavement Deterioration
					891-8.4 enusaeM noiitigatiM	101 leitnetof :81-8.4 forquil
				See Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a	e of serion of Mitigation Measure 4.8-3a would reduce this impact to e lementation of Mitigation for the OCMP and Alternatives 3, 5b and 6	Impacts to the Non-Standard Curve Radii at the Road 20 / Road 96 Intersection
					a∂1-8.4 enusaeM noitsgülM	Impact 4.8-15: Potential
Checkoff	finementoina	Method for Compliance	Responsibility for Compilance	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	eesusseM noibsgitiM	Environmental Impact

Environmental Impact	MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN Rep	S PLAN Reporting/ Monitoring	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
	Mitigation Measure 4.9-1c  The following Performance Standard shall be added to the OCMP: Mining activities shall not exceed the noise limit of CNEL 60 dB at existing residences. An existing residence shall be considered the property line of any residentially zoned area or, in the case of agricultural land, any occupied residential structures. Achieving the noise standards could involve setbacks as proposed in the Off-Channel Surface Mining Ordinance (Section 10.4.425), the use of quieter equipment adjacent to residences, or the construction of landscaped berms between mining activities and residences.	During Mining	Planning	Submittal of Acoustical Analysis	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.9-2: Exposure to Unacceptable Increases in Noise Generated by Off-Site Truck Traffic	None required.					
Impact 4.9-3: Contribution to Increase in Cumulative Noise	Mitigation Measure 4.9-3a The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP and its implementing ordinances:	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Acoustical Analysis	Require as Permit Condition	
	Operators shall provide acoustical analysis for future truck and traffic noise associated with the individual operations along County roadways identified as experiencing significant impacts due to increased traffic noise. The study shall identify noise levels at adjacent noise-sensitive receptors and ways to control the noise to the "normally acceptable" goal of a CNEL of 60 dB and reduce the increase over existing conditions to 5 dB or less. Typical measures that can be employed include construction of noise barriers (wood or masonry), earthen berms, or re-routing of truck traffic.					
Impact 4.9-4: Generation of Vibration or Nuisance Noise	Mitigation Measure 4.9-4a  The following performance standard shall be added to the OCMP:  If mining occurs within 1500 feet of residences, equipment used during nighttime activities shall be equipped with non-sonic warning devices consistent with OSHA regulations, which may include fencing of the area to avoid pedestrian traffic, adequate lighting of the area, and placing an observer in clear view of the equipment operator to direct backing operations. Prior to commencement of operations without sonic warning devices, operators shall file a variance request with the Cal OSHA Standards Board showing that the proposed operation would provide equivalent safety to adopted safety procedures, including sonic devices.	During Mining	Planning and CalOSHA Standards Board	Adoption of Safety Procedures or Submittal of Variance Request	Require as Permit Condition	

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORIN	IG PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Aesthetics						
Impact 4.10-1: Effects on Existing Views or Vistas During Mining	In conjunction with the envimnmental raview of individual projects permitted under the OCMP, means of minimizing the visibility of mining operations, facilities and landform alterations fmm public viewpoints shall be assessed based on site-specific visual characteristics and viewing conditions. The use of berms, vegetative screens, seeding, specialplant materials and contouring the sides and top surfaces of modified landforms, or other measures, shall be incorporated into the individual mine and reclamation plans as appropriate.  Mitigation Measura 4.10-lb  Where mining occurs within 1,000 feet of a public right-of-way, the operators shall phase mining such that no more than 50 acres of the area that lies within 1,000 feet of the right-of-way would be actively disturbed at any time except where operations are adequately screened from public view. We re adequate screening exists in the form of mature vegetation and/or constructed berms that effectively block public view, the erae of active disturbance within 1.000 feet of the right-of-way shell not exceed the area that is screened by more than 50 acres at any time. Actively disturbed areas are defined as those on which mining operations of any kind, or the implementation freclamation such as grading, seeding or installation of plant material are taking place.	<b>During Mining</b> During Mining	<b>Planning</b> Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application  Submittal of Phasing Plan	Require as Permit Condition  Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.10-2: Effectson Views or Vistas Following Reclamation	Mitigation Measure 4.10-2a  None required. However, the following condition would further reduce impacts:  In conjunction with the environmental review of individual pmjects permitted under the OCMP, furthermeans of impmving the appearance of the landscape after raclamation shall be assessed based on site-specific visual characteristics, site lines and view corridors. The use and placement of berms, vegetative screens, special plant materials, grading slopes and contouring the sides and top surfaces of modified landforms to mimic surrounding landforms, or other measures, shall be incorporated into the mine reclamation plans as appmpriate.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Submittal of Mining and Reclamation Application	Require as Permit Condition	
Impact 4.10-3: Potential for Visual Incompatibility with Surrounding Land Uses	None required.					

	MITIGATION MOUITORIU	Reporting	Responsibility	not bothe		Checkoff
Environmental Impact pact 4.10-4: Introduction Light and Glare	Mitigation Measures None required.	Monitoring Requirement	for Compliance	Compliance	Enforcement	Date/Initials
pact 4.10-5: Consistency h Yolo County General n Policies	Vone required.					·
ue 4.10-6: Contribution to mulative Visual Impacts	None required.					
seonoseA leru))	n de la companya de La companya de la co					
pact 4.11-1: Potential Cultural	Aitigation Measure 4.11.1a					:
sonices	for prehistoric and historic sites. Damaging effects on cultural resources shall be avoided whenever possible. If avoidance is not feasible, the importance of the site shall be evaluated by a qualified professional prior to commencement of mining operations. If a cultural resource is determined not to be important, both the resource and the effect on it shall be reported	Prior to Mining	Qninns19	to ishimdu? MitigstifM nsiq	Require as Permit Condition	
	to the County, and the resource need not be considered further. If avoidence of an importent cultural resource is not feasible, a mitigation plan shall explain the importance of the resource, describe the mitigation or damage to the site, end demonstrate how the proposed approach to mitigate destruction or damage to the site, end demonstrate how the proposed mitigate.					:
	In addition, Performence Standard 2.5-3 of the OCMP shall be modified as follows:		hno <del>impelling A</del>	₹o moitaob&	22 oziunoG	
	within seventy-five (75) feet shall immediately stop, and the County within seventy-five (75) feet shall be notified within twenty-four (24) hours. If remains are of learned American community identified by the Native American Heritage Commission shall be contacted, and an agreement for treating or disposing of, with appropriate dignity, the remains and associated grave goods shall be developed. If any cultural remains and associated grave goods shall be developed. If any cultural	DriniM gninuO	Applicant end	Adoption of	Require as Permit Condition	
	resources such es chipped or ground stone, historical debris, building stond on the ground stone are archaeologisal materials are encountered during excayation, then all work within seventy-five (75) feet shall immediately stop and the Director shall be notified at once. Any cultural resources found on the site shall be recorded by 9 qualified archaeologist end the					
	information shall be submitted to the County.					

	OCMP MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	PLAN				
Environmental Impact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Hazards					9000	
Impact 4.12-1: Potential Human Health And/Or	Mitigation Measure 4.12-1a					
Environmental Impacts from the Accidental Release of	Goal 2.2-4 shall be revised as follows:			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Petroleum Products and Other Chemicals Used During Mining and Reclamation	Eliminate or minimize hazards to the public neath and safety that are associated with surface mining operations and reclamation.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	incorporate into	
And/Or at Processing Plants	Objective 2.3-3 shall be revised as follows:					
	Provide standards and procedures for regulating surface mining operations and reclamation so that hazards are eliminated or minimized and potential adverse environmental effects are reduced or prevented.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Adoption of OCMP	Incorporate into OCMP	
	Action 2.4-2 shall be revised as follows:					
	Hazardous materials business plans must be submitted biannually as required by the Health and Safety Code, unless the types of hazardous materials used change, in which case revised business plans must be submitted within 30 days of the change.	Biannually During Mining	Planning	Submittal of Materials Business Plan	Require as Permit Condition	
	The following performance standard shall be added to the Aggregate Resources Element of the OCMP:					
	PS 4.5-9: Fueling and maintenance activities of heavy equipment (except draglines and floating suction dredges) are prohibited within 100 feet of open bodies of water during mining and reclamation. All Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans shall include provisions for releases of fuels during fueling activities for draglines and floating suction dredges.	During Mining and Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of SWPPP	Require as Permit Condition	
- Value	Objective 3.3-3 and Action 3.4-3 shall be revised as follows:					
	Objective 3.3-3: Ensure that off-channel surface mines are operated such that surface and groundwater supplies are not adversely affected by erosion, lowering of the water table, and/or contamination during mining and reclamation.	During Mining and Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Groundwater Monitoring Program	Require as Permit Condition	
	Action 3.4-3: Include a groundwater monitoring program as a condition of approval for any surface mining and reclamation operation that proposes off-channel excavations that extend below the groundwater level. The monitoring program shall require regular groundwater level data, as well as a water quality monitoring program based on a set of developed standards.	During Mining and Reclamation	Planning	Submittal of Groundwater Monitoring Program	Require as Permit Condition	

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						Public Health
						the Mosquito Population Could Adversely Affect the
						Breeding Areas for Mosquitoes. An Increase in
					уоле гедијгад.	Impact 4.12-4: Open Bodies of Water May Become
					been included in Mitigation Measure 4.4-2a in the Hydrology section.	acibed ac-O it Chitaness
				See Mitigation sS-4-2 arussəM	fencing requirements during and after reclamation. These changes have	
		i	1	AS-5.4 STUSESM	Feduired by Miligation Measure 4.3-2a to require that slopes shall not be   steeper than 2:1 five feet below the average summer low groundwater   Gvel.	
				See Mitigation	Performance Standards 2.5-4, 2.5-16, and 2.5-8 shall be revised as	
·				B1-S1.4 etusseM		Public
				See Mitigation		Siopes May Present a Drowning Hazard to the
					a£-S1.4 enasaen editim	Impact 4.12-3: Steep Pit
						Health and Safety of Workers Engaged in Mining or Reclamation Activities
					None required.	Impact 4.12-2: Historic Pesticide Use May Affect the
Checkoff Date/Initials	finemearcha	Method for Compliance	Responsibility for Compliance	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	serueseM nolisgliiM	Environmental Impact
					NIROTINGM NOITAÐITIM	
OCHIA CARLO						

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Enviro <del>nmerita</del> limpact	Mitigation Measures	Reporting/ Monitoring Requirement	Responsibility for Compliance	Method for Compliance	Enforcement	Checkoff Date/Initials
Public Services and Utilities			e de la companya de La companya de la co			on productive con
Impact 4.13-1: Potential for Long-Term Impacts to Open Space and Recreational Opportunities in the Lower Cache Creek Area	None required.					
Impact 4.13-2: Potential Increase in Demand for Public Services	Mitigation Measure 4.13-2a					
	None required; however, the following is recommended:					
· 	The County shall identify the costs of implementing the policies contained in the OCMP, and determine a fair-share cost program for reimbursement by gravel operators and any other effected parties.	Prior to Mining	Planning	Preparation of Fair-Share Cost Program	Incorporate into OCMP	