YOLO BYPASS DRAINAGE AND WATER **INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT STUDY:**

Recommended Studies – Draft October 9, 2013







Number	Study Name	Description of Existing and Future Need	Study Components
RS - 1	Bypass Sedimentation Rate Changes due to Managed Flooding	• Future increased inundation area, duration and frequency of flooding could increase sedimentation rates	 Develop methodology and study existing sedimentation rates in the Toe Drain/Tule Canal, and existing ditches throughout the Bypass Sedimentation near west side tributaries should be considered, as east side flooding could impact velocities and settling rates upstream
RS - 2	Changes in Vegetation with Increased Frequency and Duration of Flooding	• Future conversion of agricultural lands to habitat other than managed wetlands could allow vegetation proliferation at unknown rates in the designated floodway	 Develop methodology and study the type and growth patterns of vegetation on lands within a managed flooding context similar to current proposed scenarios Assess changes in forage value of wetlands and grassland plants. Assess the effect on the growth of vegetation needed for nesting cover. Assess the effect on carrying capacity/maintenance of ditches.
RS - 3	Mammal Management Plan	 Mammals including beaver, river otters and muskrats can impede drainage and supply pathways with lodge construction Existing operations deal with mammal blockages on an as needed/case by case basis. 	 Develop a plan to improve protocols for managing these species and their activities
RS - 4	Mutual Water Company Development Planning	 Coordinated water management, especially between smaller private landowners operating land for various or similar uses poses a challenge Some landowners in the Yolo Bypass have begun this process in order to facilitate efficient use of resources and management activites based on per acre assessment fees 	 Develop guidelines for landowners interested in establishing a Mutual Water Company





